THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 30. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1816. No. 26.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

First 3 insertions, one dollar per square.
Every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do.
By the year, 10 dollars per do.

Advertising customers are requested to note the number of insertions on their Advertisements.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
Printing in general, executed with neatness & dispatch.

SHIRAS & DOBBIN,
have FOR SALE, at their WAREHOUSE, at the Point,
Amiata Bar and Roll'd IRON
ROWLEY & BALISTERED STEEL
ES, AXES, CHAINS, &c.
and Wrought NAILS,
Orleans and Country SUGAR,
ASSES, COTTON, FEATHERS,
INDOW GLASS, and an assorment of
EEN GLASS HOLLOW WARE.
Pittsburgh, *July* 15, 1815. tfq

TO RENT.

And possession given on the first of April next,
A TWO Story Brick HOUSE, to which is attached a two story back building and kitchen, situated in Diamond alley, three doors from the Market. It has formerly been occupied as a Store, and is an elegant situation for either Store or Boarding House. For terms, apply to
RACHEL H. WATSON.
Pittsburgh, January 20, 1816.—tfp1

Shs. Avery & J. S. Stevenson,
SUCCESSORS of *Avery & Van Zandt*, have entered into partnership, in the DRUG and PAINT BUSINESS, under the firm of AVERY & STEVENSON; and have removed to the commodious house corner of Wood and Second streets, near their former stand, where they will keep an extensive supply of
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
DYE WOODS & SHOP FURNITURE,
Surgeons Instruments,
Paints and Oils, Window Glass,
Patent Medicines,
AND
White Lead.

This article, a regular supply of Stevenson's manufacture, will always be kept and sold at the manufacturer's prices.

AVERY & STEVENSON, pledge themselves to furnish all articles ordered of them, of prime quality, and at Philadelphia prices, with the necessary expences
Pittsburgh, January 6, 1816.

Seventy-five Cents Cash,
WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD
Merchantable FLAXSEED,
by applying to
GILLAND & CO.
Corner of Market and Fourth Streets, Pittsburgh.

M'CLEAN & DOANE,
Beg leave to acquaint their friends and the public, that they have *just received* an elegant assortment of HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY, WINES, LIQUORS AND GROCERIES, principally consisting of the following articles:—

Knives and Forks	Chamber Candlestic'ks	
Pen and Pocket Knives	silver pattern	
Butter Knives	Chaffing Dishes	
Shoe Knives	Rat Traps	
Screws	Wheel Irons	
Bureau, Chest, Cupboard	Claret in boxes	
Drawer Pull Locks	Port	
Cupboard Locks	Madeira	Wine
Bureau Latches	L. P. Teneriffe	
Files and Rasps	Lisbon	
Sad Irons, Pins, steel,	Jamaica Spirits	4th proof
Shovels & Tongs	Brandy	
Fire Shovels	Holland Gin	
Rifle and Gun Locks	Cherry Bounce	
Vices	Old Whiskey	
Hinges	Vinegar	
Hand Screws	Young Hyson Tea	
Chair Screws	New Orleans Sugar	
Plane Irons and Carpenters	Coffee 1st and 2d qual.	
Hammers	Chocolate	
Cast Steel (English)	Pepper	
Shovels (Mouse hole)	Flour of Brimstone	
Trowels	Cheese	
Pocket Knives	Powder	
Razors	Shot	
Pen Knives	Tobacco	
Scissors	Segars	
Trace and Log Chains	White Lead	
Halter Chains	Window Glass	
Parallel Bench Vices	Spanish Indigo	
Files	Jamaica Iron	
Rasps	Castings	
Files	Iron Wire	

Also Muscatel Raisins, at $7 50
Bear, Doe and Bear Skins
ALSO,
Bales prime Louisa. Cotton.
Intending to close their business by the 1st April, the whole of their present stock will be disposed of on very reasonable terms, for approved payments; they will make it an object to any person wishing to purchase the whole.

FOR SALE.

ONE undivided third part of YOUGH PAPER MILL, with 300 Acres of Wood land, near Connellsville, Fayette County, Pennsylvania. The Mill has two Vatts and Engines, and all in complete order. The credit of this Mill is so well known, that it is not thought necessary to say any thing on that subject. This property will be sold low for good payments. Any person wishing to purchase will have a good bargain by applying to the subscriber at the Mill.
JOSEPH ROGERS.
January 15, 1816. 2m

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES,

Dr. *In the Treasury of Allegheny County, from the 1st day of January, until the 31st day of December, A. D 1815, both days inclusive.* Cr.

	Dolls.	Cts
FOR Balance in the Treasury on the 1st day of January, 1815,	5232	40¾
Amount paid by the Collector of the Borough of Pittsburgh for the Years 1814 and 1815,	2557	94
Amount paid by the several Collectors of Pitt, for 1814, '15,	1354	99
Do. by do. do. of Plumb, for 1814, '15,	280	73
Do. by do. do. of Versailles, for 1814, 15,	228	63
Do. by do. do. of Elizabeth, for 1814, '15,	1019	00
Do. by do. do. of Mifflin, for 1814, '15,	647	67
Do. by do. do. of St. Clair, for 1814, '15,	909	58¾
Do. by do. do. of Robinson, for 1814, '15,	395	00
Do. by do. do. of Fayette, for 1814, '15,	388	74
Do. by do. do, of Moon, for 1811, '13, '14, '15	689	31¼
Do. by the Collector of Ohio, for 1815,	60	00
Do. by the several Collectors of Ross, for 1813, '15,	280	00
Do. by do. do. of Pine, for 1810, '14, '15,	265	54
Do. by do. do. of Deer, for 1813, '14, '15,	93	17½
Do. by do. do. of Indiana, for 1814, '15,	229	41½
Do. by H. G. Pies, for Rent of a Room in the Court-House,	23	00
Do. by William Woods, Esq. High Sheriff of the County of Allegheny, for Monies received by him, for Verdicts in the Courts of Common Pleas of said County, from the 1st day of January, A. D. 1814, to the 1st day of January, A. D. 1815, inclusive,	52	00
	14707	14

	Dolls.	Cts
PAID sundry persons for repairs to Court-House, Jail, &c.	1506	97½
Mary Mercer, for Jail fees and allowance to prisoners,	164	14
For cloathing and blankets for prisoners,	78	12½
George M'Gunnegle, for smith work for the Jail, &c.	156	95
Sundry Printers, for printing blanks, advertisements, &c.	94	75
James Kerwin, for 85 days service as County Commissioner, for the years 1814, '15,	166	00
John Irwin, for 110 days service as do.	220	00
Robert Magee, for 53 do. do. do.	106	00
Robert Hilands, for 14 do. do. do.	28	00
M. Fisher, for 21 days service as Clerk to the Board of Commissioners for the year 1814,	27	93
John Patterson, for 301 days service as Clerk to the Board of Commissioners for the year 1815,	407	81
Sheriff's fees on ignoramus bills, &c. and summoning jurors,	58	34
Taxes and costs refunded,	17	73½
Grand and Traverse Jurors, for their services,	1527	00
Henry Baldwin, for fees of James Morrison, former Sheriff of Allegheny County,	164	77
For Bell-ringing and other attendance at Courts,	92	00
Election Officers for their services,	258	05
Several Teachers for teaching poor children,	419	73
Assessors for their services	506	80
Sundry witnesses in behalf of the Commonwealth,	46	05
Lazarus Stewart, for 15 days service as County Auditor for the year 1814,	30	00
Hugh Davis, for 15 days service as do.	30	00
Silas Engles, for 15 days service as do.	30	00
Sundry viewers of public roads, bridges, &c.	78	50
For building public bridges,	183	24
Road Taxes on unseated lands,	589	03
For fuel for Jail, Court-House and Commissioners Office,	165	95
For Stationary for Register's Office,	19	25
For do. for Commissioners Office, Courts, &c.	49	51½
Several Constables, for their services attending Courts, &c.	108	15
S. Douglass, Esq. for his fees on ignoramus bills, acquittals, &c.	57	20
E. Pentland, prothonotary, for his do. do. do.	66	28
Justices fees, on do. do. do.	33	10
Charles Wilkins, Esq. for services by him rendered,	10	00
Coroner's fees for holding Inquests,	108	88½
For Wolf Scalps,	45	25
James Tustin, for a Press for the Prothonotary's Office,	80	00
For sundry contingent expences,	42	56¾
Balance in the Treasury on the 31st day of December, 1815,	6938	98
	14707	14

Amount of Taxes laid on the several Townships, for the year 1815.

	Dolls.	Cts
Borough of Pittsburgh,	1619	09
Pitt Township,	1013	99½
Plumb do.	286	94
Versailles do.	182	95
Elizabeth do.	701	41
Mifflin do.	731	36
St. Clair do.	829	33½
Robinson do.	287	33½
Fayette do.	408	04¼
Moon do.	397	27
Ohio do.	242	09½
Ross do.	258	70½
Pine do.	165	42¼
Deer do.	176	85
Indiana do.	209	86
	7510	66½

Amount paid to the Treasurer by the several Collectors, for the year 1815.

	Dolls.	Cts
By John Aitken, Collector of the Borough of Pittsburgh,	1277	00
Henry Morrow, do. of Pitt Township,	591	69
Robert Clogston, do. of Plumb do.	163	00
David Jack, do. of Versailles do.	146	63
James Wall, do. of Elizabeth do.	321	00
William Wilson, do. of Mifflin do.	191	00
Samuel Cowan, do. of St. Clair do.	391	00
James Beatty, do. of Robinson do.	188	00
Daniel South, do. of Fayette do.	80	00
George Morrison, do. of Moon do.	207	00
John Fowler, do. of Ohio do.	60	00
Timothy Davis, do. of Ross do.	180	00
David Murray, do. of Pine do.	121	90
Robert Boyd, do. of Deer do.	50	00
Andrew Watts, do. of Indiana do.	169	41½
Balance due by the several Collectors for 1815, including their fees,	3373	03
	7510	66½

JOHN IRWIN,
ROBERT MAGEE,
R. HILANDS,
} Commissioners of Allegheny County.

ATTEST. JOHN PATTERSON, *Clk.*
Commissioners Office, Pittsburgh, February 5th, 1816.

IRON WORKS,
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, the FORGE, ROLLING AND SLITTING MILL, NAIL FACTORY, GRIST MILL AND SAW MILL, a large well finished Brick Dwelling HOUSE, and a number of convenient HOUSES for the accommodation of Workmen, late the property of Mr. Daniel Keffer, situated nine miles from Brownsville, and adjoining the village of Middletown, in Fayette County, Pa. to which is attached an excellent STONE COAL BANK and THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES of LAND.

The whole of this property is now in complete repair, and will be disposed of on reasonable terms, and possession given immediately.
ISAAC MEASON.
Mount Braddock, 25th Dec. 1815. tf

WOOLLENS.

GEORGE COCHRAN offers for Sale, at his Store west side of the Public Square, an assortment of FINE and COMMON CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SATTINETTS, wholesale and retail—also, HALF HOSE, which he is determined to sell at the Philadelphia prices for Cash or approved negociable notes.
Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

Ormsby & Doane,
HAVE FOR SALE,
300bbs. Salt, first and second quality.
ALSO
Barr Iron,
4d, 6d, 8d and 10d Rolled Iron,
Nails and Nail Rods,
A good assortment of Castings'
Stoves,
Grates,
Mould Candles and Soap, by the Box,
Pittsburgh, December 14, 1815.

WANTED,

A GIRL to do the work of a small family.—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per week will be paid to one that can come well recommended. Enquire of J. W. SKELTON, Druggist, Wood Street.
Pitisburgh, Dec. 1, 1815.

COLUMBIAN
STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the Public generally that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of a

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

for furnishing Steam Engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY,

on an extensive scale, capable of furnishing castings of any description, but particularly adapted to machinery.

AN ANVIL AND ANCHOR FACTORY, capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY,

calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells, which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE FACTORY,

will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP, AND A BORING AND TURNERS SHOP.

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood, &c.* will be executed with dispatch.

They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

and are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting Mill, Paper Mill, Fullers, Tobacco and Millstone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand a STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of Wheat per hour, in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper Mill, Fullers, and Mill Screws, and Sugar Mill apparatus.
March 1, 1815. tf

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenont is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts. in this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stone'sville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.
JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*
Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

TO BE RENTED

THE second and third Stories, in the house corner of the Diamond and Market Street, belonging to the estate of William Irwin, deceased, together with an excellent Kitchen.—For terms apply to.
SARAH IRWIN.
Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars.*
ABISHAI WAY.
Pittsburgh, August 7, 1815.

REMOVAL.
THE SUBSCRIBER,

HAS removed his SOAP AND CANDLE MANUFACTORY, from the place he formerly resided, to Second Street, between Ferry and Market Streets, opposite the Office of Discount and Deposit, where he solicits the attention of his friends.
NICHOLAS O'CALLAGHAN.

N. B. Twenty Five Cents per Bushel will be given for any quantity of clean OAK or HICKORY ASHES.
Nov. 16, 1815.

FOR SALE, BY

SHIRAS & DOBBIN, 4,500 Acres of Land in the State of Ohio, viz:
1,500 Acres in Highland County,
1,500 do. in Washington do.
1,500 do. in Fayette do.

For the terms, and a description of the Land apply at the WAREHOUSE at the POINT.
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1815. tf.

FOR SALE,
A valuable Tract of Land,

CONTAINING 237 acres, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, one mile north of Cavet's mill, the property of John M'Grew, of Adams county. There are several cabins on the premises, about 80 acres cleared, 5 or 6 sugar camps, and upwards of 80 acres of first rate bottom. This farm is not more than 15 miles from Pittsburgh. An indisputable title will be given, and payments made easy. For particulars apply to THOMAS BRACKEN, Pittsburgh, or to SIMON M'GREW, North Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania.
June 23, 1815.

Marshal Ney Shot,

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.

By the fast sailing schr. Maria, capt. Copeland, which arrived at this port last evening in 30 days from Bordeaux, the Editors of the Mercantile Advertiser have received a file of Paris papers to the 15th December, containing London dates to the 10th of the same month; and Bordeaux papers to the 19th. The trial of Marshal Ney was closed on the 6th and he was shot on the 7th of December. At the close of the trial the Marshal observed:—

Gentlemen, I am a Frenchman, and I will die as one. They have not been willing to hear my defenders; I thank them for what they have done for me and what they may still do; but I prefer not being defended at all, to be imperfectly defended; I will do as Moreau did; appeal to Europe and Posterity.

M. Bellart spoke to prevent further delays.

The Chancellor. Defenders, you may use every argument, except such as the Chamber has interdicted.

The Marshal. Since the Chamber will not hear —— (mes moyens) I forbid my Advocates to add any thing; the Chamber will judge me as they think proper.

The final Requisition was then read.

The President addressing the accused:—

Accused, have you any observations to make on the requisition?

The Marshal. Nothing at all my Lord.

The chancellor ordered the Accused to retire, as well as the witnesses and the auditory.

At five o'clock, we left the Chamber Sitting for deliberation.

Messenger Office, 1 o'clock, A. M. December 7.

From five o'clock the Chamber remained in deliberation upon the judgement, and at a quarter before twelve they decided by majority that Marshal Ney was guilty of High Treason against the State, 131 voices condemned him to death, and 29 voted for banishment. The Marshal was not present at the time the verdict was delivered. We thought he could not have been shot, but it appears that there is a law that can shoot him; as has been proved by an able lawyer present.

The Marshal is to be shot to-morrow (this day.)

PARIS, Dec. 8.—The following are the principal details subsequent to the judgment of Marshal Ney.—We declinc offering any comments and merely state facts:

"The Marshal on entering his chamber, at the time the court was deliberating on his sentence, he appeared highly animated and supported by the strongest resolution. He embraced his council (M. Berryer) who said to the Marshal, "*You would have it so*"—"*Well my dear friend*" answered the Marshal—"It is finished, we shall see each other in another world." He then asked to dine, and eat with a great appetite, he noticed a small knife lying on the table, which on finding it attracted attention and caused uneasiness to the persons appointed to guard him; do you think said he, on looking at them, that I fear death, and instantly threw the knife far from him. After dinner the Marshal smoked a segar and then threw himself on the bed, where he slept quietly for two hours.

According to the terms of the process, the Chevalier Cauchy read the sentence to the Marshal, who asked for the consolation of religion, and exppressed a desire to be assisted by M. Pierre, a relation of the Cardinal of Bernis, and curate of St. Sulpice. The estimable ecclesiastic hastened to attend him. they passed the night together, the Marshal still retained the same degree of fortitude & resignation to his fate which actuated him through out the whole of the proceedings

At 9 o'clock yesterday morning, the Marshal was informed that all was ready for the execution of his sentence;—he put on a blue coat and a round hat, and entered a hackney coach, brought for him from the place St. Michal; the Curate of St. Sulpice occnpied the back seat of the coach with him—two officers of the Gendarmerie were in front—a great number of *veterans*, royal grenadiers, and gendarmes, accompanied the ceremony, which crossed the garden of the Palace, and left it by iron gate, on the Observatorie: on arriving at this gate, the ceremony turned to the left and stopped at about fifty paces further, under the walls of the avenue of Observatoire.

The Marshal descended from the coach, advanced at *quick* pace about eight paces from the wall, and asked the officer at his side if that was the place chosen for his execution; on receiving an answer in the affirmative, the Marshal turned and fronted the *veterans* who were to fire upon him; he took off his hat with his left hand, put his right on his heart, and said to the soldiers—"*My comrades fire at me*"—that moment the officer gave the signal with his sword, and the Marshal fell under their fire without moving. The body was placed on a litter and remained exposed to the public view for a quarter of an hour; three balls entered his head.—The venerable ecclesiastic who had attended the Marshal at his last moments, remained during the execution near the coach, praying with fervor. There were very few people present, on account of its being supposed that the execution would have taken place on the Plain of Grenelle, where a great multitude had assembled.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1816.

RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

The President of the United States on the 26th ult. transmitted to the House of Representatives three documents, comprising the information called for, on motion of Mr. Robertson; respecting the recent demands by Spain. They consist of two letters from the Spanish Minister to the Secretary, the last of which is dated the 4th ult. and a reply to these letters by the Secretary of State, dated the 19th ult.

Substantially, the Spanish Minister makes the following demands, under the express commands of the King his master:

1. That the portion of the territory west of the Perdido, which the United States have claimed and held under the Louisiana treaty, should be delivered up; after which, he intimates, that the two governments may discuss the right to it.

2. That the government will take measures to punish and disperse a "factious band of insurgents in Louisiana, and especially New Orleans," who, as the Minister alleges, continue with impunity to raise armies, and to light the flame of revolution in the Spanish provinces, &c.

3. That orders be given to collectors not to admit vessels under the Revolutionary flags of South America, either to land or sell the shameful proceeds of their piracy, as it is termed, much less to equip and arm.

The Minister states that for seven years a gang of adventurers have assailed Spain from the bosom of the Republic. In his second note he intimates that Toledo suspends his traiterous expedition until the expected arrival of a large number of Kentuckians, and a less number of Tenesseeans to join him; and adds, that if this gang of desperadoes are permitted to go on, the adored King his master, will have reason to suspect that the government at least connives at it if it does not sanction such enterprizes.

In reply to this, the Secretary of State expresses the regret of the government, that Spain should have preferred *demands* on us instead of evincing a disposition to discuss if not to redress the injuries we have received, which are recapitulated. The Secretary replies to the demand of relinquishment of territory, that we have the same right to ask for the surrender of territory on the Sabine previous to the discussion of our claim to it. He does not admit the correctness of the statements of the Minister, and demands proof of specific facts. In regard to the demand of excluding the flag of the revolted colonies, it is answered, that our government has already by a general rule authorized the admission of all flags except those of pirates—and of course that it is not inclined to prohibit the admission of the flag of the colonies who have established independent governments.

From the Nat. Intelligencer, Jan. 31.

THE TOPICS OF THE DAY.

The public have seen the documents respectiug our affairs with Spain, and have no doubt formed their opinion of the merits of the demands so modestly urged by her Representative in this country. What turn this controversy may ultimately take we know not, but the general impression is, in private circles, that it will end, as it began, in smoke. If otherwise, no apprehension is felt for the result.

Meanwhile, we have rumors of every hue in respect to the movements on that part of our frontier which is conterminous with the Spanish Provinces of Florida and Texas.

It has been some days strongly rumored that Florida is ceded to Great Britain, and that she has actually taken possession of St. Augustine, or Pensacola, or both. Of the latter part of this rumor we have no confirmation, nor of the first part of it excepting that which arises from concurrent reports of the same tenor from various sources.

We hear again from the Spanish Minister's letter, and rumors probably growing out of it. that the Envoy at New Orleans from the Spanish revolted provinces, and Toledo, with considerable means at their disposal, were engaged in exertions to gather together a force of Americans on the Western frontier, to aid the revolutionary party. Of this, nothing is certain, but the fact of the two persons referred to being in that country. If they are engaged in levying troops in our territory, their enterprize is conducted with so much privacy, that it does not appear to have been known at New Orleans, where they then were, at the last accounts. Letters have reached this city as late as the 1st instant, which make no mention of such movements.

There was yet another rumor abroad yesterday, how well founded we know not, of some enterprize having been set on foot by the Republican agents in Louisiana, or on our borders, against *East Florida*, with a view to wresting it from the Spanish King.

Those are the rumors of the day, and we have embodied them, without intending to vouch for their substantiation, or even to trace their origin.

The proposition of the committee of Ways and Means to repeal the duties on Domestic Manufactures, from and after the 18th day of April next, has received the sanction of the House of Representatives, and there is little doubt will be matured into a law. The proposition respectiug the Direct Tax is yet under discussion.

ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER is chosen a Senator in Congress from the State of Maryland, for six years from the fourth day of March last, in opposition to John T. Mason.

FROM SPAIN.

Passengers in the Julia, arrived here on Friday, from Cadiz latter part Nov. inform us, that Spain continued in an unsettled state, though no attempts had been made at revolution since the abortive attempt of Porlier—that the partial change of Ferdinand's ministry was not indicative of a change of measures; that the priest and terror-system of the old regime was introduced, and that the people were not at liberty to speak their thoughts on public affairs—that English newspapers were prohibited; and no Spanish one allowed to be published except the ministerial gazettes. Miserable Spaniards! May you soon have another Cortes. *Boston Gaz.*

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Banks, and Specie payments.

By the report made to the Legislature, it appears that there are in Pennsylvania, Thirty Eight chartered Banks.

That, exclusive of loans to the government, those Banks have discounted $ 22,500,000. That they have notes in circulation to the amount of $ 10,170,000.

That they owe to depositors $ 5,190,000 —In all $ 16,370,000, payable by the Banks on demand.

The amount of specie cannot be exactly known, as many of the Banks have not made a return of that distinctly; but it cannot exceed $ 2,227,000, which is thus ascertained. It will be found that the Banks which have made a return of their specie, have on an average discounted about ten times the amount of their specie, some more and some less, but the average amount is about in that proportion. It is not to be supposed that those Banks which have not returned the amount of specie, have more in proportion than those which have made the return. The correctness of this estimate may be tested by the return of the Philadelphia Banks, which one would think had in proportion as much of specie as the country Banks.

Philadelphia Bank has specie,	$ 223,000
Farmers and Mechanics Bank,	218,000
Bank of Pennsylvania,	389,000
Total specie,	$ 830,000
Philladelphia Bank discounted	2,524,000
Farmers and Mechanics Bank	2,151,000
Bank of Pennsylvania,	4,438,000
Total discounts,	$ 9,113,000

These Banks have less than 10 per cent specie. But allowing all those who have made no return to have 10 per cent on the amount of the sums discounted, the amount of specie in the thirty eight Banks will be $ 2,227,000.

It is believed that this is the uttermost amount of their whole specie capital. It is probably less than more. The foregoing calculations do not include the odd numbers in the different statements of the Banks, and therefore an accurate calculation would vary some thousands from the amount here stated. But to enable the public to judge of the policy of coercing Banks to resume specie payments, the calculations I have made are sufficiently accurate, as the variance of $ 100,000 in any one of the items can make no material change in the general result.

These data can leave no room for discussion. Laws may be made; penalties attached to the refusal, but the Banks cannot pay specie. No hocus pocus can make $ 2,220,000 pay $ 16,370,000. Let the Banks pay all they have of specie, there remains more than 14,000,000 to be provided for. Where is the specie to come from to redeem this balance? It is not in the country. If it was, it would not command the present high price of 16 per cent. The scarcity of it brings it to this price. If it was as plenty as Bank paper, and in no more demand, it would sell no higher. Money is like every other commodity in market, the price regulated by the quantity and demand. Dollars are now in demand, and the quantity in market is small, their price is therefore high. When $ 120 in Bank notes will only buy $ 100 in Silver, the holders of Bank notes will eagerly avail themselves of the opportunity of making a run on the Banks, as soon as any coercive measure is adopted by the Legislature, imposing a penalty on not paying their notes in specie. The consequence will be their complete exhaustiou. There is a demand abroad for dollars: the Merchants owe money in Europe; our Bank notes will not pass there; our Government stock sells only at 81 per cent. The merchant thus must if he can, remit dollars to pay his balance: to procure dollars he will pay a premium, and if that premium is high, dollars will be bought and sent abroad. This accounts for the scarcity of specie. In May and June, dollars in England were worth six shillings and nine pence in paper, whereas, at par, a dollar is only worth four shillings and six pence. In other words, one dollar in silver, would buy one dollar and an half in paper.

Is it to be supposed that our Merchants would not export dollars, when every thousand dollars in silver would pay fifteen hundred dollars of debts, or buy that amount of goods? This question is answered by the fact, that dollars are now and have been for some time in England, worth no more than their nominal amount in paper. This has been principally brought about by the importation of specie from this country. From the price it commanded in Europe ten months ago, it is not to be wondered that there is so little, but that there should be any left among us. We might as well expect our market to be overstocked with flour if it sold in New Orleans for twenty dollars a barrel.

The consequences of adopting general coercive measures on the Banks can be easily foreseen. Though they are abundantly secure, and their resources ample for all their engagements, they cannot command what is not in the country. If they have public stock they must sacrifice it, if it must be sold for specie. The Philadelphia Bank has $ 275,000, the Farmers and Mechanics Bank $ 844,000 and the Bank of Pennsylvania $1,811,000 of public stock, in all $ 2,930,000—more than the amount of all the specie in all the Banks; who could buy and pay specie for it. If the Banks are pressed, they press their customers; how can they turn their goods, their stock, their manufactures, their lots, houses and farms into silver and gold. Mr. Dallas, in his report on a National Bank says, we can buy bullion and import it as other merchandize. But I would thank him to tell us in what may we shall pay for it. What can we buy it with? There is now an universal peace; we export no provisions; the raw materials we send abroad, so far from paying the amount of our importations, will leave us in debt to the European merchants $ 30,000,000. If public stock is remitted to Europe, it will be to pay our debts; there will be none to spare to buy specie with. If there is, we must sell it at a loss greater than any benefit we can possibly derive from the importation of specie. The honest truth is, there is not in the country specie to redeem the bank paper in circulation. It can only be brought into the country by the gradual profits of our trade with those countries whence we receive specie, in exchange for our lumber, fish and other products; by the diminution of our imports; by the increase of our manufactures and exports. The want of specie is certainly productive of much inconvenience, and if the passage of severe and penal laws against Banks could bring it back from Europe; if these laws would reverse the certain and inevitable operations of commerce, and make specie abound in a country the more in proportion as the balance of trade is against it; if they will make England our debtor; extinguish without payment the immense debt we now owe their merchants; restore us the carrying trade of the world; produce a general war, and make our country the granary or store-house from which to supply Europe and her colonies with the means of subsistence, they would indeed be salutary, and ought to be passed instantly. But, Mr. Scull, if the legislature can do this by a law, they can direct the course of our rivers to the east, level the Alleghenny, and make Pittsburgh a seaport.

I can see no reason for legislative interference. Any man may now sue a Bank if they refuse specie. The war and the immense importations of goods has drained the country; time and the operations of commerce will bring it back—penal laws will only produce a great calamity; Banks may be broke and their customers ruined, but money cannot be coined by these means. Effects will flow from causes, and it is as easy to turn the current of the Mississippi towards Pittsburgh, as the current of specie towards a country whose imports so enormously exceed its exports. I see no ground for alarm. England has withstood a severer shock. Their specie was exhausted by the expences of her armies, and by her subsidising all Europe; it was fifty per cent above par, and it was a penal offence to demand it from the Bank. Yet she was never more flourishing at home or so powerful abroad as at this period. In one short six months the operations of commerce brought their paper to the value of specie. We are fond of foreigners and foreign examples, let us profit by a a good one, and not administer a remedy which will be worse than the disease.

(Concluded from our last.)

For the Pittsburgh Gazette,

Mr. Scull,

But is it not to be apprehended that this law will be finally acquiesced in, as proposed, from a sort of indifference to the subject, grounded on a presumption that the Governor will always appoint in conformity to the wishes and recommendations of our citizens? From the silence which ensues the publication of this act, it is evident such an indifference exists. No person comes forward to point out the evils which will result from sufiering such a law to be enacted; on the contrary, the subject sleeps, the public attention is otherwise occupied; and why?—not surely, because we are blind to the imposition, but beeause it is not considered outrageous; not because it is an obscure principle, or doubtful right which is about to be infringed. but because the violation of it, does not threaten instantly to crush our liberties and extinguish our political consequence. Say, reader, do you entertain a doubt of the incorrect and anti-republican nature of the law we are canvassing?—do you not know that it involves consequences detrimental to the public interest? and yet has not your opposition to it been delayed, or prevented, merely from the reason above assigned, viz.—because you supposed the magnitude of the danger was not such, as to threaten outrage and destruction to our republican rights? Have you not reconciled your objections to the principle involved in the present attempt to increase executive patronage at the ex

I surrender of the peoples rights, b
couraging a belief, that the Governor s
respect our wishes, and that even if he sh
ever disregard them, the consequence w
be something less than inevitable ruin? H
have quieted their apprehens on in this
and it is presumable that many have don
I entreat them to consider the subject, and
it an attention which may enable them to
clear and correct views respecting it. Is
wise to entrust the Governor with the priv
of appointing magistrates for us, solely upo
presumption that he will never abuse it, bu
ways be guided by our wishes? I answer,
should undoubtedly be very unwise, this
confide for, a delegation of our right, not o
includes the power of appointing independ
ly of us, but absolutely implies an expecta
that he will do so, whenever our choice d
not accord with his views; it absolutely impl
a distrust of us, and a superior confidence
him. If the concession we are called upo
make him is not solicited, on a presumption
his superior wisdom and ability to select su
ble persons, it ought most undoubtedly to
refused. Suppose we were to refer the qu
tion to the Governor himself—can it be sup
sed that he would put a construction upon s
a law which would obligate him to do no
people, just the same, that they would do
themselves? The idea is preposterous, a
therefore I say, when the Governor sees h
self possessed of the authority which the
contemplates conferring upon him, he may
miss our applications without giving them
moment's consideration—he may set our rec
mendations at nought. What will become
our republican privileges when they s
thus delegated, and being thus delega
shall be thus abused? What will be our
publican name, but a burlesque upon our
Suppose the public sentiment on this su
were now to be put to the test, and one or
of these offices were to be filled by the
nor's appointment? Suppose the citizens,
a majority of them, were to recommend
favourite candidate, and humbly petition
excellency that he would be graciously pleas
to appoint the man of their choice? Suppo
the Governor should insultingly reply to th
just expectations, "you are unacquainted
the characters and qualifications of those you
commend, I am acquainted with more suitab
persons among you to fill these offices;
opinion must prevail; I disregard yours."
not repose in false security, and say, such t
ment is not to be expected. Let us not
flatter ourselves that such a trust wil
be abused by the present or any future Gov
nor. That would be to forget human natu
How often do we see impurity and impr
raise very unfit men into office, and elevate th
into stations which they are incompetent to
How often do we see preferment the reward
excessive zeal and extraordinary service
to the country, but to a party. How comm
is it to see a man, whose only recommenda
is his phrenzy, his impudence, his turbule
and his restlessness, promoted to the most
crative and important offices. We need no
beyond the limits of our own country to exem
fy these remarks—perhaps the civil and po
cal history of Pennsylvania alone, would bu
antly suffice. If there should be any deficie
of examples in Pennsylvania, I would beg
to refer the reader to a neighbouring
where the annals of intrigue, will furnish
sufficiently numerous, and sufficiently pro
gate, to deter others from imitating co
dence, and discourage all from unnecessar
surrendering their natural and inherent rig

The Mayor of the city of *New York* i
pointed by the Governor of the state and t
council, the consequence of which, is that t
citizens of New-York, far from being gene
pleased with the appointment, are never ev
consulted. To give any adequate view of t
manner in which appointments are bought
sold in New-York, and, in fact, wherever to
are at the disposal of a single individual, w
far transcend my limits; but I recommend
the admirers of executive patronage, and t
champions of executive infallibility, a partic
lar attention to this subject. It has alwa
appeared to me, that little more regard is pa
to the wishes and opinions of the people in
appointment of their magistrates, than wou
be due to a beast of the plough, in disposing
it to a new master. This is not railing—
reflections are not personal—they are aimed
no individual. I am too well aware of the d
ficulties which surround a Governor, who
been elected by a party—I am too sensible
the extreme delicacy of his situation no
make a very great allowance for abuses
the law of which I complain. That
be a dangerous law, which places great fav
at the disposal of an individual. The pe
alone can be expected to elect with public
knowledge and independence. It will ever
an odious duty for a single individual to d
the requests of those, who have been previo
ly instrumental in his elevation, and for who
service, he expects to have further occasion
Applications for office are generally support
by a zeal, which the Governor would fear
provoke into hostility against himself, and
compliance is often secured by considerati
which would not influence the people. I
it may be urged, that the intrigues of unp
cipled men, might frequently be defeated
the vigilance and attention of the more w
thy part of the community. This is at bes
a mere ability, and being never exerted,
fords no security. It is unfortunate, that
most disinterested members of society are
nerally least active. Fond of quiet, and
modest to seek promotion, they shun the d
ger of collision with bad men, and p
themselves with a sort of harmless negat
patriotism. I do not speak of this quies
propensity, with any view of giving it curre
or credit as being most predominant
good men, but as a positive evil, which
should endeavor in all legal and constitu
provisions to correct and remedy as far as p
sible. I see no way to accomplish this
way to arouse the public attention to bring go
men into concert, and encourage them in
sisting the impetuous current of corrupti
than by leaving the people to choose for the
selves. That the people as well as the Gov
nor are liable to be misled is admitted, bu
no means to the same extent. There is
great source of danger when the Governo
points, from which we are exempt, if the p
vilege is reserved to ourselves; I mean, a w
ful and corrupt abuse of it. The Governor m
wittingly and perversely disoblige the citize
of Pittsburgh, to please himself, to provide
a favorite, or subserve the interests of a pa
but the citizens have no interests but their o
to consult, and that they should with
eyes open, submit to the mistrule of wicked
incompetent men, is what no one would bel
Finding myself compelled by my limit to c
clude, I take leave of the subject, not witho
a hope that the Act submitted to the consi
ration of the Senate, may be so amended as
retain the privilege of appointment in the ma
of the people, where it naturally resides,
rightfully belongs.

A CITIZEN.

TIMOTHY SEED—Wanted

BY BEAN & BUTLER. *Front Street*

Pittsburgh, February 7, 1816.

servations on the Weather.

	Temperature at sun rise.	Temperature at meridian.	Temperature at sun set.	Appearance of the weather at sun rise.	Appearance of the weather at meridian.	Appearance of the weather at sun set.
		FAHRENHEIT.				
13	42	32	cloudy	clear	cloudy
15	46	34	clear	clear	clear
20	36	32	cloudy	cloudy	snow
25	30	25	snow	clear	cloudy
26	34	34	snow	cloudy	cloudy
25	56	54	clear	clear	clear
24	44	34	rain	cloudy	clear

TO RENT,

On Perpetual Lease,

HOUSE in which I now live, on corner of Market and Front Streets. situation for business is equal to any Pittsburgh. For terms apply to

JOHN SCULL.

February 9, 1816.

BIRMINGHAM.

The Subscriber, having laid off part of his property in the Town of Birmingham into lots suitable for the erection of Dwellings, offers them for Sale at reasonable prices, upon the following terms:—$ 10 payable in hand, the residue as follows—$ 1 per week—$ 4 per month, or $ 13 per quarter, at the option of the purchaser, *without interest*.

On the payment of the purchase money, or satisfactory security being given for the same Deeds will be made to the purchaser, with general warranty, *clear from ground rent*, or any incumbrance whatever.

The plan can be seen at the Office of JAMES M. RIDDLE, Esq. in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and at the house of the Subscriber in Birmingham.

JAMES PATTERSON.

February 7, 1816. tf

Merchant Mills, a Woolen Factory, and One Thousand Acres of Land,

AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

On Monday the 1st day of April.

The Subscribers, Executors of the *last Will and Testament of* ROBERT COLWELL, *deceased*, will expose to Public Sale on the Premises, the whole Real Estate of the deceased, lying in Brooke County, Virginia, to wit:—

Number I.

A FIRST RATE MERCHANT MILL,

situated on Harmon's Creek, within two miles of *Wellington's Warehouse on the Ohio*, and in one of the best settlements for obtaining Wheat in the Western Country. The Mill House is large, four stories high and commodiously arranged—is worked by an excellent stream, with a fall of 18 feet, runs two pair of French Burrs, and is calculated for four—supplied with a Stand of Elevators, Hopper-boy and Bolts of the best construction. The Mill House and all the considerable Machinery are entirely new. Convenient to the Mill is a large Stone House erected for a Distillery.

Number II.

A MERCHANT MILL,

situated on the same stream adjoining, has a fall of 14 feet, runs one pair of French Burrs, and a pair of Country Stones, with a Distillery.

Number III.

A CLOTHIERY.

This establishment comprehends a Fulling Mill and appurtenances in complete order.

CARDING MACHINES, SPINNING MACHINES, &c.

Attached to this property is a new and EXCELLENT SAW MILL.

To these three establishments there pertains an aggregate of about seven hundred acres of land, which will be apportioned to them severally, or sold in distinct lots as may (at the time of Sale) be considered most advantageous to the purchaser. The adjacency of these premises to the Ohio River, to the flourishing town of *Steubenville* and to *Charleston*, the great mart of the Flour Trade in the Western country, gives them an importance and value which pertains to but few situations in the country. There are on these premises, besides a valuable TAVERN STAND, twelve or fifteen Dwelling Houses, suitable for and now occupied by superintendents, Mechanics, Laborers, &c. Also, an extensive Frame Smith Shop, with three fires, and a good Dwelling House attached to it.

Number IV.

A TRACT OF LAND ON HARMON'S CREEK within two miles of No 1, and four miles from Steubenville, containing 100 acres, part of which is bottom, having an Orchard, Meadow, Distillery, Houses, &c. and a Mill Seat.

Number V.

100 ACRES OF LAND ON THE SAME CREEK,

3 miles from No 1, and similar to No. 4, in quality and improvements.

ALSO—A SAW MILL.

Number VI.

200 ACRES OF FIRST RATE UPLAND on the great road from *Pittsburgh to Steubenville*, six miles from the latter place, and three from No 1, having sixty acres cleared and fenced, an Orchard, Dwelling House, &c.

The Sale will commence on Monday the 1st day of April, and continue from day to day until completed.

Terms, one-third of the purchase money will be required in hand, the residue in instalments of one, two and three years.

There will also, be sold at the same time, a correct BLACK MAN, for a term of years.

WILLIAM LEE,
JOHN EDGINGTON,
DANFORTH BROWN,
OLIVER BROWN, Jr. } *Executors.*

Brooke County, (Va.) January 25, 1816.

CHEAP CUTLERY.

The Subscriber has just opened, one entire Cask of CHEAP CUTLERY, consisting of

Double and Single bladed Pen-knives,
Polished and Common Barlows,
Pocket and Childrens Knives.

Which are marked, and will be sold *unusually low* for cash or approved barter.

ISAAC HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1816.

☞ On hand, a fresh and very general assortment of GOODS, which will be sold very low for Cash or approved trade.

Six Out-Lots for Sale.

THESE LOTS are situated on Grant's Hill, adjoining Adamson Tannehill, Esq. The intrinsic beauty of these Lots, their contiguity to Pittsburgh, the elegant and commanding view which they afford of the town, the surrounding country, and the Monongahela, Allegheny and Ohio rivers, sufficiently recommend them. For terms apply to

JOHN M'DONALD,
Smithfield Street.

Pittsburgh, January 24, 1816.

5403lbs. Loaf Sugar in barrels,

27 Boxes Tin,
10 Dozen French Boot Tops, first quality,
12 Barrels Ginsang,
Flannels, Cassimers, Cloth and Stockings,
Fig Blue, Indigo,
Brandy, Rum,
Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines,
Tarred and White Rope, Bedcords,
Plow, Fishing and Trott Lines,
Augers, Wheel Irons, Sickles,
Weavers Reeds,

The above for wholesale, at the Subscriber's Warehouse, corner of Ferry and Water Streets, Pittsburgh DAVID LOGAN.

February 15, 1816.

☞ Approved endorsed Notes at 60 days taken as Cash.

MACHINE CARDS,

Just Received and for Sale, assorted in Boxes, of the following description,

MAIN CYLINDERS,
WORKERS,
DOFFERS,
FANCY,
RECEIVERS,
STRIPPERS,
FEEDERS,

The Boxes are assorted of different fineness of Wire—come at from $805 to $125 per Box, and are Manufactured by ISAAC SOUTHGATE, Leicester, Massachusetts.

Orders will be received for Machine Cards of any description, by

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 7, 1816. tf

TO LET,

TWO very convenient small HOUSES, now occupied by the Subscriber in Front Street. They will be Let together or separately.

LEWIS BOLLMAN.

Pittsburgh, February 7, 1816. tf

A Valuable Piece of Land,

FOR SALE.

CONTAINING about FIVE ACRES, situated on Squirrel Hill, about four miles and an half from Pittsburgh, in Pitt Township, adjoining lands of David Irwin and James Fleming. On the premises are an excellent Cabin House, Stable, Spring House, with a first rate Spring, amply sufficient for a Distillery or Tanyard, also an Orchard of about 20 Apple Trees of choice fruit. For terms, which will be accommodating, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

BARNY M'GINTY.

February 10, 1815.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county and to me directed, will be exposed to sale at the Court House in the borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 17th day of February inst. at ten o'clock, A. M. all the right, title, interest, and claim of Francis Hamilton, of, in, and to, one Lot of Ground, situate in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, in Pitt township, No. 22, in George Bayard's plan; bounded by Pike street, Walnut street, Lot No. 21, and Mulberry alley, being 50 feet in front, and extending back the same breadth 100 feet, subject to the payment of seventy five dollars ground rent, annually, forever; on which is erected a two story frame house, 16 by 24 feet. At the suit of Robert Campbell.

Also, by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the same time and place, all the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Peter Trough, of, in, and to a certain tract or parcel of land, (being a life estate,) commonly called "Work's place," situate in St. Clair township, in the county of Allegheny, adjoining lands of the heirs of John Wilson deceased, J. B. C. Lucas, and others, containing 156 acres or thereabouts. At the suit of Frederick Bausman, assignee of Jacob Beltzhoover, who was assignee of John Wilkins, executor.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1816.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of levari facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 17th day of February next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. A certain Tract or Parcel of land, lying and being on Turtle creek, near the mouth thereof, in the county of Allegheny, adjoining lands of George Wallace's heirs, David Shaw and others, containing 480 acres, more or less, with the usual allowance. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Fritchman, with notice to Hannah Guider, and Arthur Brisbane, terre tenants, at the suits of John Perry, for the use of John Wilkins, Esq. and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, Sheriff.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

87 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco

100 Bags Prime Green Coffee
40 Boxes Tin Plates
10 Barrels Pepper
10 do. Rice
7 do. Saltpetre
100 do. Salt
6 do. Allum
50 Boxes Brimstone
20 do. Shoes
6 Chests Hyson Skin Tea
10 Bags Feathers
Sheet Iron
Double Glazed Gunpowder, Shot
Segars *in boxes*, &c. &c. &c.

FOR SALE BY
ALLEN & GRANT.

January 1816.

GROUND RENTS.

Wanted to purchase GROUND RENTS. Enquire at this Office. Feb. 10, 1815.

TO LET,

THE Subscriber having a prospect to leave Pittsburgh, offers on LEASE the HOUSE he now occupies in Wood Street, opposite the WESTERN HOTEL, being an established stand for a STORE, attached to a commodious well finished Dwelling, with good Cellars, Back Buildings, Stabling, &c. Possession may be had on or before the first of April next. For terms apply on the premises to

WILLIAM SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1816.

JENNINGS

Patent Steam Bath.

ANY person desirous to be informed upon this highly interesting subject, may see a copy of a number of letters and certificates from Citizens and Physicians of the first distinction, setting forth the great value of this simple, delightful and highly useful medical agent. No man, having charge of a family, ought to be without one constantly in his house.

FOR SALE, BY

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON, *Druggists*, *Wood Street*,

WHO HAVE JUST RECEIVED, A VERY EXTENSIVE SUPPLY OF

Fresh Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1816. tf

Wholesale Paint Warehouse.

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

HAVE just received and intend constantly to keep on hand, a very large and extensive assortment of PAINTS, OIL, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, &c. &c. all of which they are determined to sell on the lowest possible terms.

FOR SALE,

300 Barrels first quality Spanish Brown,
250 Barrels Yellow Ochre,
20 Barrels Spanish Whiting,
15 Cases Castile Soap,
10 Bags Juniper Berries,
4 Cases Cream Tarter,
4 do. Flower Sulphur,
3 Bales Orange Peel,
1 do. Gentian,
1 do. Pink Root,

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1816. 6t

For Sale or Rent.

A LARGE Two Story BRICK HOUSE and LOT adjoining for a Garden, now occupied by the Subscriber—also, a small Frame House in Diamond Alley, which is occupied by Mrs. Dunning: and two or three comfortable Houses in and near the Village of Lawrenceville. Possession will be given on the first of April next, by

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, January 16, 1816. tf

TO BE RENTED.

And possession given the first of April next.

A LARGE Two Story Brick HOUSE, well finished, situated on the corner of Front and Ferry Streets, now occupied by Mrs. Hamsher. For terms apply to

ROBERT SIMPSON.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1816.

FOUND,

ON the 25th instant, by the subscriber, near his residence in Penn Street, a small sum of MONEY, which the owner can have by paying for this advertisement.

JAMES R. BUTLER.

Pittsburgh, January 27, 1816.

Information Wanted

OF a certain WILLIAM EDEN, who left Pittsburgh, in March 1810. Had with him when he went away, a double Knapsack, in which was his clothes, books and some letters, in most of his books his name was written,—he had also a judgment bond drawn on Sam. Talbutt, for 190 dollars. His aged father, in Europe, earnestly wishes to know where he now is, or whether he is living or dead. Any information respecting him will be thankfully received by JAMES CHADWICK, near Pittsburgh, or at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. February 1, 1816.

☞ Printers will do an act of benevolence by inserting the above a few times in their papers.

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Company have directed the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Instalments, of 10 per cent each, on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer, in manner following, viz:—the 7th on or before the 6th of March; the 8th on or before the 6th of May; the 9th on or before the 6th of July; and the 10th and last on or before the 6th of September next—of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*

3d February, 1816. 6m

The above Instalments, if paid within 60 days after the time appointed respectively, will be received by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow. Instalments in arrear will be received either by William B. Foster, Esq. or by the Treasurer, until the 6th of March next—after that date, suits will be brought against all delinquents indiscriminately. W. F.

PISTOLS & BUFFALOE ROBES.

100 pair Holster and Pocket PISTOLS
100 BUFFALOE ROBES,

FOR SALE, BY ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

Seasoned Pine Boards,

FOR SALE.

A QUANTITY first quality Seasoned PINE BOARDS, WALNUT SCANTLING, suitable for hand-rails, WHITE OAK and PINE LOGS, STUDDING, &c. &c.

Apply to HENRY HOLDSHIP.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

N. B. A good BULK WINDOW, complete. Apply as above.

FOR SALE.

A LARGE THREE STORY BRICK WAREHOUSE, situate in Wood between Front and Water Streets, adjoining Allen & Grant's Store. J. P. & J. W SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815. tf.

Republican Advocate.

GENTLEMEN holding subscription papers for the "REPUBLICAN ADVOCATE," (a new weekly paper about to be published in the Borough of Pittsburgh) are requested to return a list of the Subscribers as soon as possible, as the publication will be commenced without delay.

Those persons who are disposed to encourage the publication, will please leave their names with the Editor, any time during the present month. S. ENGLES.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1816.

NEW GOODS

BY THE

Piece or Package.

BRAINARD, SELDEN, & Co.

Have received, directly from New York,

70 packages of Dry Goods,

COMPRISING a very extensive assortment of English and French Goods, which they offer for Sale upon the most accommodating terms, at the Store lately occupied by Messrs. BEAN & BUTLER, in Front between Wood and Market Streets.

Merchants wishing to replenish their Stores, will find it an object to call.

Pittsburgh, January 26, 1816. 7t

S. & J THOMPSON MERCHANT TAYLORS,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH,

HAVE just received a large supply of SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS and VESTINGS, of almost every colour and quality, which they will sell on reasonable terms.—They have now a number of excellent workmen, and are enabled to assure those who may favor them with orders, that they shall be filled at a short notice, and always in the newest fashions:—They also have military trimmings.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, is sorry he is again compelled to invite those having accounts to settle on his old books, to come forward and either pay them or give their notes. He has all their accounts made out and ready for settlement.

October 11, 1815. tfq.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the subscriber became security in a note with Francis Johnston, for the payment of upwards of Twenty Dollars, to a certain Alexander M'Kee, and as I have never received any valve for the same, and Johnston has left this part of the country, I hereby forwarn all persons from taking an assignmedt on said note, as I will not pay it unless compelled by law.

THOMAS OSBORNE

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1816.

TO RENT.

And possession given the first of April next.

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, situated on Water Street, between Market and Wood Streets, now in the occupancy of Messrs. Alexander & Heslip, Dry Good Merchants.

For terms apply to,

NEAL & MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, January 24, 1816.

Ormsby & Doane,

HAVE FOR SALE,

200bbls. Kenhawa Salt

4bbls Loaf Sugar
Brandy, first quality
Rolled and Barr Iron (Juniata)
4, 6, 8, and 10 Nails
Nail Rods, Stoves
Castings, Tacks
Glass, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, January 26, 1816.

FLAX WANTED.

WANTED by the subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny.

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815. tf.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have entered into partnership, under the firm of

Hamilton and Witherill,

They have opened a RECTIFYING DISTILLERY, and WHOLESALE and RETAIL

LIQUOR STORE,

In Front, between Market and Wood streets, nearly opposite Bean and Butler's warehouse where they intend keeping constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Brandy, Gin, Spirits, Wines, and Cordials, all of which they will sell at moderate prices for cash or approved country produce

JESSE HAMILTON,
Wm. H. WITHERILL.

Pittsburgh, October 28, 1815.

N. B. They wish to purchase a qnantity of WHISKEY, for which they will pay the cash.

Fulling and Cloth Dressing.

GEORGE COCHRAN respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to carry on the above business extensively, and solicits a share of public patronage. Cloth will be received at his store west side of the Public Square, and returned in a shorter time than at any other place in the Western Country. He flatters himself that his prices and the quality of the work will give satisfaction to those who please to favor him with their custom.

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

John & Robert Griffith,

FROM THE STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES ENGLAND.

(LAST FROM NEW-JERSEY.)

Having commenced the Manufacturing OF

EARTHEN WARE.

AT this place, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they can be supplied with the following articles, warranted to be equal to any of the kind imported.

Black and Brown glazed Coffee POTS,

Teapots, Jugs, Sugar Dishes, Milkpots, &c.

ALL ORDERS in their line, addressed to any of the principal COMMISSION MERCHANTS in the place will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

BIRMINGHAM, near Pittsburgh, July 6, 1815.

JUST RECEIVED,

A few Thermometers,

AND

POCKET SPY GLASSES.

R. PATTERSON,

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

Fourth Street.

Pittsburgh, February 10, 1816.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Offer for Sale (CHEAP) at his

Tin Manufactory,

IN Water Street between Wood and Market Streets, adjoining the dwelling of Mr. Spencer, the following articles, viz:—

Tin Plate, double and single;

Iron Wire—20, 18, 16, 14, 12 and 10 inch Scale Beams—Block Tin unadulterated—Barr Copper—Chains for hanging Scales 4 sizes—different sized Tinned and Iron Rivets, as well as every description of *Tin Ware*.

BENJAMIN BLOOMFIELD.

Pittsburgh, February 7, 1816.

If applied for immediately, can be had at the above place, *SHOES* of the following description—Mens coarse and fine, do. laced Boots; Womens Slippers, do. laced Boots; Boys fine and coarse laced Boots.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has removed his OFFICE to the North East corner of the Diamond, in the Room where Capt. H. Johnston lately kept Store

Writings of every Description neatly drawn on the usual terms, &c.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1816.

Irish Woolen Stockings.

THE subscriber has received a nice assortment of WOOLEN STOCKINGS, suitable for the present season, which he offers to his friends and the public, wholesale or retail, on moderate terms for Cash, or negociable Notes

WILLIAM TAIT, *Sadaler.*

Pittsburgh, January 17, 1816.

EDUCATION.

A GENTLEMAN, who has been employed as a Teacher of an English School for many years past, and whose reputation in that capacity is well established, purposes opening a School in Pittsburgh about the first of April next, provided he meets with such encouragements as would warrant him in relinquishing his present situation.

Persons disposed to encourage the proposed School may learn further particulars by calling on JAMES M. RIDDLE, Esq. in Third Street, who will state the terms, &c. and give references to respectable Citizens of the Borough of Pittsburgh, who are well acquainted with the method and success in teaching, and also the personal character and reputation of the person alluded to. January 16, 1816.

NOTICE.

ALL persons concerned will please to take notice, that I claim, in right of my wife, an undivided ninth part of a Tract of Land in Pitt township, adjoining the Bullock Pens, Dunning M'Nair, William Wilkins, and others, called the Bull Pens, containing 130 acres or thereabouts, and which is now advertised for sale by William Wallace and William Peebles. Persons inclined to purchase will please take notice of this claim.

DAVID M'NAIR.

January 13, 1816.

BEAN & BUTLER,

Have just received and offer for Sale.

English Blistered Steel,

American Do. Do. manufactured from Swedish Iron

A few Faggots CROWLY STEEL

A few Barrels prime New Orleans SUGAR

800 Barrels SALT

Spanish Flotant INDIGO.

Pittsburgh, Dec 28, 1815.

TO LET

A Store completely shelved,

with a large and convenient Counting Room and good Cellar, situate on the north west side of the Diamond, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. C. Pentland & Co.

Also, a large Frame Building, situate on Diamond Alley. It would answer well for a Livery Stable or Ware House. Apply to A. HILL, or to WILLIAM HILL, S. E. Corner of Market and Fourth Streets.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1816.

White and Red Lead.

A CONSTANT supply of WHITE LEAD, Dry and Ground in Oil, *warranted* of the best quality, can always be had at STEVENSON'S Manufactory, and at the Drug and Paint Warehouse of AVERY & STEVENSON. The character of this Lead is perfectly established, and shall not decline.

J. S. STEVENSON also Manufactures RED LEAD, a supply of which can always be had as above.

☞SPECIAL NOTICE.☜

THE subscriber requests all who stand indebted by bond, note or book account, (no matter how large or small the sum) to call and settle the same before the first of March next. After which time all balances due, without favour or distinction, will be lodged in the hands of competent officers for collection.

Those to whom I stand indebted, or who have accounts remaining unsettled, are requested to call for settlement. Particular attention is *solicited.*

ISAAC HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, January 10, 1816.

N. B. For the accommodation of those who are willing but cannot pay in current money, Country Produce or Barter will be accepted at fair prices. Those who can pay but will not, must be made to pay.

HARDWARE STORE.

Thomas Hazelton & Henry Bailey,

HAVING entered into Partnership, in the above line of business, have opened a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, at their Store in Market Street, between Front and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, which they will sell WHOLESALE OR RETAIL on moderate terms. The subscribers flatter themselves that from their attention to business, they will receive a share of public patronage.

ALSO—The Manufacturies of Messrs. HAZELTON'S, of SCALE BEAMS, PATENT BALANCES, &c. may be had at their Store.

HAZELTON & BAILEY.

Sept 20, 1815. tfq*2PcNFS

J. & J. BROWN

Wholesale and Retail STORE.

JUST received at the above Store, North end of MARKET STREET, an elegant assortment MERCHANDIZE. Among a great variety, are the following articles, viz:

WOODS'S best London extra superfine Black, Blue and Bottle Green CLOTHS,
Fine Black, Blue, Mix't and Brown Do.
Cassimers, cassinets and elastic cords,
Elegant blue and black Stockinetts, plain and ribb'd
Velvets and velvet Cords
Super white Marseilles Vestings
Do. Buff, spotted and striped Do.
Elegant toilenett, fancy and dark Vestings
Super undressed Chintzes
An elegant assortment of dress'd Do.
First and 2d quality furniture Chintzes
Low priced Calicoes of all kinds
A few pieces superfine and common Do.
3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linnens
Ladies and gentlemen superfine and common white cotton Hose
Gentlemen's white and mixt half Hose
4-4 and 6-4 superfine and common dress'd and undress'd Cambric Muslins.
4-4 and 5-4 India Muslins
Jackonett, mull and book Muslins plain and figured
Plain and figured Lenoes
Spidernett, lappet, corded and tape strip'd Muslins
Dimitys, long cloths and British shirtings
6-4, 4-4 and 3-4 cotton and linnen Checks
Plaidlas and brown Holland
Real and mock Madras handkerchiefs
A great variety of fancy neck Do.
8-4, 7-4, 6-4, 5-4 and 4-4 silk and cotton Cashmere Shawls
Do. Do. Chintz Do.
Superfine and common white and stamp'd pocket handkerchiefs
Ladies and Gentlemens' Silk, York tann'd and Kid Gloves
Ladies extra long Do.
Black and white plain and figured gauzes
Best English cotton balls, tape, bobbin and Scotch Thread
An elegant assortment of 7-4 and 8-4 Italian silk shawls
Damask silk shawls, fancy and black silk handkerchiefs
Real Tortoise shell, mock and horn back and side combs
10-4 and 11-4 super white counterpains
Edgings, laces, thread and cotton shirt buttons
Elegant plain and fringed Parasols
Blue Nankeens
Pins, needles, fringes, trimmings, &c.
Elegant black, brown and bottle green bombazettes
Gilt and Mahogany fram'd looking glasses large and small
Gentlemens leather shoes and pumps
Ladies first quality leather and morocco Do.
Misses and childrens Do.

QUEENSWARE.

Plates, dishes, wash basons, cups & saucers, &c.
A few crates expected in a few days elegantly assorted, of Liverpool China
Best green Coffee, young hyson Tea and other groceries, &c.
HARDWARE, &c. &c.

As J. & J. BROWN have made arrangements both in New York and Philadelphia, in addition to one of them being generally, if not altogether there, they contemplate keeping a large and constant supply of GOODS, which being purchased with great care and for cash, will be sold WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, as low as any in the western country, for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, August 19, 1815 tfq

DUCATION.

MR BOARDMAN, Teacher of the Lancasterian School in Market Street, professes to teach the *ENGLISH GRAMMAR* scientifically and with unusual facility, for the most part by way of lecture and interrogation. Not meeting with sufficient encouragement either to employ his time or afford a competency in the institution already established, he purposes in addition, to exercise his talents in this highly important branch of Education, the study of which, although it is an admirable exercise for the mature judgment of an adult, still is susceptible of being so simplified as to be comprehended by the juvenile understanding.—From Mr. B's experience in teaching this science, he is induced to believe that the parents and friends of those entrusted to his charge, will have the gratification of realizing their liviest expectations of the pupils progress

When the days lengthen a class of young Ladies or Misses may receive lessons either in Grammar or Geography, and their convenience will be consulted as to the hours of attendance

January 18, 1816

☞ PENMANSHIP is taught at the above institution on the most approued system

SPEAKMAN & SAY,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS,

HAVING established a *Drug and Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, and taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

in Market Street, third door from Front Street, Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing such articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expences, only.

☞ *They now offer for Sale, an assortment of* DRUGS PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. *for Cash, Produce, or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813.

Philipsburgh, Centre County, Dec. 16, 1815

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY on the 15th inst. from the subscriber living in Philipsburgh, Centre County, a Mulatto Apprentice Lad named PRIMUS STANTON, about 16 years old, very stout for his age, full faced, with agreeable regular features and a pleasant countenance, white handsome teeth; on the lower part of one of his cheeks a small scar. Had on and is supposed to have taken with him, some shirts made of homespun linen partly bleached, one pair of trowsers and a round-about coat made of good blue and white cotton striped bedticking, one pair of light ribbed kerseymere pantaloons, also another pair of pantaloons, with feet, made of blue linsey striped with red, an old blue round-about coat patched with light; also a long superfine broad cloth coat; whether he has taken boots as well as shoes is unknown. He went off in company with a white boy named JAMES CAFFERTY, or M'CAFFERTY, about 14 years old, with sandy or redish coloured hair. Thirty Dollars Reward is offered for securing the said Primus Stanton so that I shall get him again; and reasonable charges will be paid if he be delivered to me at my residence in Philipsburg.

WILLIAM P. DEWEES.

NEW GOODS.

A. BARKER & JOHN D. DAVIS,

Having entered into partnership under the firm of

BARKER & DAVIS.

HAVE Received and are now opening at their Wholesale and Retail Store, in Market Street, next door to the corner of Fourth Street, a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:

WOOD'S best London Superfine Blue, Black, Bottle Green, Drab, Claret, Olive and Brown BROAD CLOTHS,
Fine and coarse Broad Cloths assorted colours
Blue, Black, Bottle Green and Olive Pelisse Cloths
Fine and coarse Coatings and Moleskins
Cassimers, Cassinets and Elastic Cords
Flannels, Baizes, and Blue and Mixed Plains
Ribbed and plain Stockinetts assorted colours
Olive, Black and Slate color Velvets and Cords
Swansdown, Toilinett and Silk Stripe Vestings
Rose, Point and Duffield Blankets
Bombazetts, Bombazene and Rattinetts assorted
Super dressed and undressed Prints
Low priced Calicoes of all descriptions
Super dressed furniture Chintzes
Cambric and super Ginghams
4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linens, and 6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 Diaper
Dimities, Long Cloths and British Shirtings
Blue and White India and Domestic Muslins
Blue, Black, Pink, Yellow and Green Cambrick Do.
4-4, 9-8 and 6-4 dressed and undressed Cambrick Do.
Plain and figured Jaconet and Mull Do.
Do do. Lenо and Book Do.
Spidernett, Corded Lappet and striped Do.
Laloc, Pink, Blue and Buff fancy Do.
Super Cluster, Seeded and Lace Muslins
Do. fancy Muslin Handkerchiefs figured and plain
Demi and Linen Cambricks
Pampalona Silk Checks and Silk and Cotton Ginghams
Levantine and Florence Silks assorted colors
Florentine and Silk Velvet Vestings
Ladies Black, White and lead colour Silk Hose
Levantine Damask and serged Silk Shawls
6-4 and 7-4 Merino, Silk and Cotton Shawls
Fancy and black Silk Handkerchiefs & Shawls
Embroidered Lace Capes and Handk'fs
White and black Silk Gauze figured and plain
Black, Blue, Pink, Laloc and White Crapes
Cashmere and Chintz Shawls from 4-4 to 8-4
Imitation and Rich Mosaic Do.
Scarlet, Blue and Flag Bandanah Handk'fs
Real and Mock Madrass Do.
Fancy Pocket and Children's Do.
Mens and Womens Worsted & Cotton Hosiery
Mens assorted Lamb's Wool Hose and 1-2 Hose
Ladies Silk, York Tann'd and Kid Gloves
Gentlemens best Beaver, Silk and Kid Do.
Do. Buckskin and Woolen Do.
Ladies extra long Kid Gloves
Italian and English Sewing Silk and Twist
Patent and Common Suspenders
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas and Hat Covers
Ladies and Gentlemens Riding Whips
Fine and Common Plaids Stripes & Chambrays
4-4 and 3-4 Cotton Checks and Domestic Shirtings
Bed Ticking and Domestic Ginghams
Real Tortoise Shell and Common back & side Combs
Best English Cotton Balls & Nuns Thread
Black & coloured Galloons and Bindings
Edged and Plain Satten and Mantua Ribbands
Black and White Silk and Cotton Laces
Ladies Black and White Feathers
Silk and Cotton Cords and embroidered Trimmings
White and coloured Fringes, &c
With a variety of other fancy articles
Ladies Morocco, Kid and Leather Shoes
Mens and boys fine and coarse Do.
Misses and Childrens Shoes and Bootees,

Hardware.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.

Queensware.

Gold, Silver and Steel Luster Ware
Plates, Cups and Saucers and Tea Pots
Tureens, Salads, and large and small Dishes
Bowls, Pitchers, Creams, Sugars, &c,

Groceries.

10 Barrels 1st and 2d quality Coffee
No. 1 and 3 Chocolate, 1 cask Spanish Whiting
A few barrels Loaf and Lump Sugar, in Coffee
Cavendish Tobacco and Powder by the Keg
Refined Salt Petre, Virdigrise and Camphor, and other Groceries, &c,

The above, with a variety of other Merchandize, are offered WHOLESALE & RETAIL, at a small advance for Cash or Country Produce

ABNER BARKER.
JOHN D. DAVIS.

Nov. 9, 1815. tfq18

Real Estate for Sale,

THE whole of the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by Mr. William Morrow, Sign of the Green Tree, on the corner of Fourth and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. The House is large, and is well calculated for both Store and Tavern, or any kind of Public business. The Lot is 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet on Fourth Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferry Street, between Front and Second Streets, occupied by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground rent of $40 per annum. For terms apply to JOHN JOHNSTON, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Allegheny Town, opposite Pittsburgh.

HUGH DAVIS.

October 14, 1815. tf

FRESH GOODS.

ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

Nov. 25, 1815.

Citizens of Pittsburgh,

AND

Customers of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

THE proprietors of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, inform the public that they have on hand a good supply of Wheat and a large quantity of Corn, and therefore expect to furnish during the season, on reasonable terms, FRESH FLOUR, and boulted CORN MEAL, of a superior quality.

WHEAT, RYE and CORN, purchased and the highest prices given.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

Valuable Improved Lands FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land,* situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 300 acres, divided into two Farms, on one of which is erected an excellent Farm House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Stone Distillery, in complete operation, about 130 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—it is well watered with springs, and is adjoining a place of public worship.—On the other is erected a good House and Barn, all in complete order The above property will be sold together or separate, to suit purchasers.

Also, *A Small Farm,* containing from 60 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excellent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh, with 7 acres of Ground attached thereto.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

November 22, 1815. tf

For Sale or Barter,

A LOT of GROUND, the corner of First and Smithfield Streets, being 30 feet on Smithfield and 60 feet on First Streets, with the Houses thereon.

A LOT of GROUND, adjoining the above, 25 feet front on Smithfield Street, by 60 feet deep.

A LOT of GROUND adjoining, of the same dimensions.

A LOT of GROUND, at the corner of Smithfield Street and Diamond Alley, 25 feet front by 90 feet deep, to a 10 feet alley, with the privilege of said alley.

A LOT of GROUND, adjoining the last, of same dimensions.

The above will be sold on liberal terms, or building materials or work will be received in payment.

To Let on Lease forever,

A LOT of GROUND in Wood Street, next to the corner of Third Street, where the late Fire was, 21 feet front on Wood Street by 120 feet deep. Appy to

JOHN THAW.

Pittsburgh, November

Western Eagle Lead Factory.

Trevor, Pettigrew & Troost,

CONTINUE to Manufacture at the WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY,

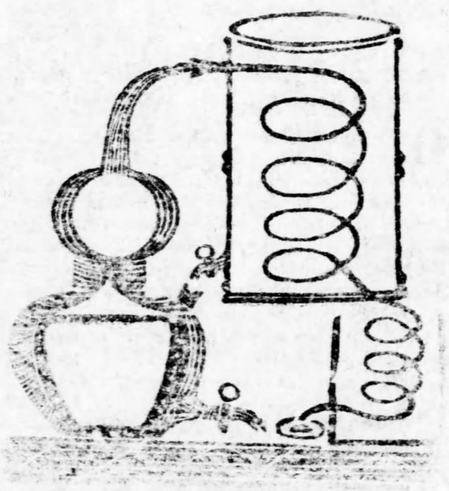
WHITE LEAD, *Dry or Ground in Oil.*
RED LEAD, *and*
LITHARGE,

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

They also Manufacture at their CHEMICAL LABORATORY—ALCOHOL, ETHER, sweet SPIRITS NITRE, AQUA FORTIS, MURIATIC ACID, RED PRECIPITATE, CALOMEL and Chemical preparations generally.

Orders for any of the above articles will be thankfully received at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of SPEAKMAN SAY & Co. and at the Glass Warehouse of TREVOR & ENGELL.

Pittsburgh, May 2 815.



THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. MILTENBERGER's Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of

Neal & Miltenberger,

where they manufacture and keep for Sale

Copper and Tin Wares,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a

BRASS FOUNDERY.

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocks, Rivets* and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Being concerned in a

COMB MANUFACTORY

they will keep a constant supply of COMBS of different kinds, and of an excellent quality, which they are determined to dispose of as low as they are sold at any Manufactory in the United States.

Mr. Miltenberger having removed to Philadelphia, they have made arrangements to keep a supply of *Tin Plate, Block Tin, Sheet Copper, Sheet Iron, Wire,* and other materials used in their business, which being purchased for Cash, they will be enabled to sell at the most reduced prices.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815.

*** Orders for any articles in their line thankfully received and attended to with the strictest punctuality.

The highest price given for Old Pewter, Copper and Brass.

Wanted, Two or Three smart, active Lads as Apprentices to the Coppersmith Business or Brass Foundery.

Constant employment and the highest wages will be given to EIGHT or TEN Journeymen, who are wanted immediately.

Lease of Store for Sale,

FOUR YEARS unexpired from the 1st April next, of the Store at present occupied by M'CLEAN & DOANE, on the Bank of the Monongahela, between Market and Wood Streets.

Apply to JOHN M'CLEAN

Pittsburgh, December 28th, 1815. tf

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm,* who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills.* The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the urse of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy,* promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constituton.

The *Dysentery, Croup,* and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

DOCTOR HANDY'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

A safe and efficacious medicine for destroying and bringing away WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint or diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary.—The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms,* of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelmintick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm,* at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the readers time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are acquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epleptic or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above and a long train, of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above Valuable MEDICINE, *is sold ONLY, by*

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their WHOLESALE & RETAIL *Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets,*

PITTSBURGH.

December 13, 1813.

Forty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN on the 22d of November last, from JACOB HAVENER, of the county of Sussex, New-Jersey, a dark bay HORSE, 7 years old, 15 hands and an half high, a small white spot on both fore legs on the out side below the knees, some grey hairs on the thighs, had a sore on the near side of his back near the hip, and a small lump on the near side of the mouth, carries head and tail up, a natural trotter—this Horse is supposed to be in the vicinity of Washington. F. B. HOLMES, of Pittsburgh, will give the above Reward for Horse and Thief, or Twenty Dollars for the Horse only.

January 18, 1816.

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Wood streets, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Ram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with the custom, to their entire satisfaction.

*** Orders will be received at the Warehouse of SUTTON and M'NICKLE, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814. tf

John Reno & Co.

Front Street, nearly opposite BEAN & BUTLER's *Ware-house,*

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

Madeira and Teneriff Wine

IN the original Pipes of genuine quality, and a general supply of

GROCERIES,

Which will be sold at reduced prices

Pittsburgh, Oct. 9, 1815. tfq1Sept&c

Sixteen Elegant Building Lots AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscribers, Trustees of the Associate Reformed Church of the Borough of Pittsburgh, offer at Private Sale, SIXTEEN BUILDING LOTS, situated on Sixth Street, Cherry Alley and Strawberry Alley. A plan of said lots may be seen with either of the subscribers, who will make the terms known to such persons as are disposed to purchase. The title indisputable, and the conditions of Sale very reasonable.

ARCHIBALD SHAW,
EDWARD JONES,
HENRY WESTRAY,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
THOMAS M'KEE,
} Trustees.

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1815.

IMPROVED

FAMILY MEDICINES,

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach, removing Costiveness, Sickness of the Stomach, Headache, loss of Appetite, bad digestion, &c. &c

Doctor Robertson's

Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Or, NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious medicine for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, &c.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Gout and Rheumatic Drops

(Price $2)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, sprains and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pain in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck, chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

STOMACHIC BITTERS,

(Price one Dollar.)

These celebrated and well known bitters are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and increasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as intermittent fevers and agues, long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges

(Price 50 Cents.)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled; they are mild in their operation and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be given to children with safety.

Dr Dyott's ANTI BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the Itch.

Dr. Dyott's

INFALLIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER.

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes.

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Dyott's celebrated

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA.

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing, whitening and preserving the Teeth and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MAHY'S PLAISTER CLOTH

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, White Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all wounds tending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines just received and for Sale, by

O'BRIEN & DYOTT,

DRUGGISTS,

WEST SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1y